

ACRELive!

Local Law 97 and the Wave of Coming Environmental Laws that will Change How Buildings Operate

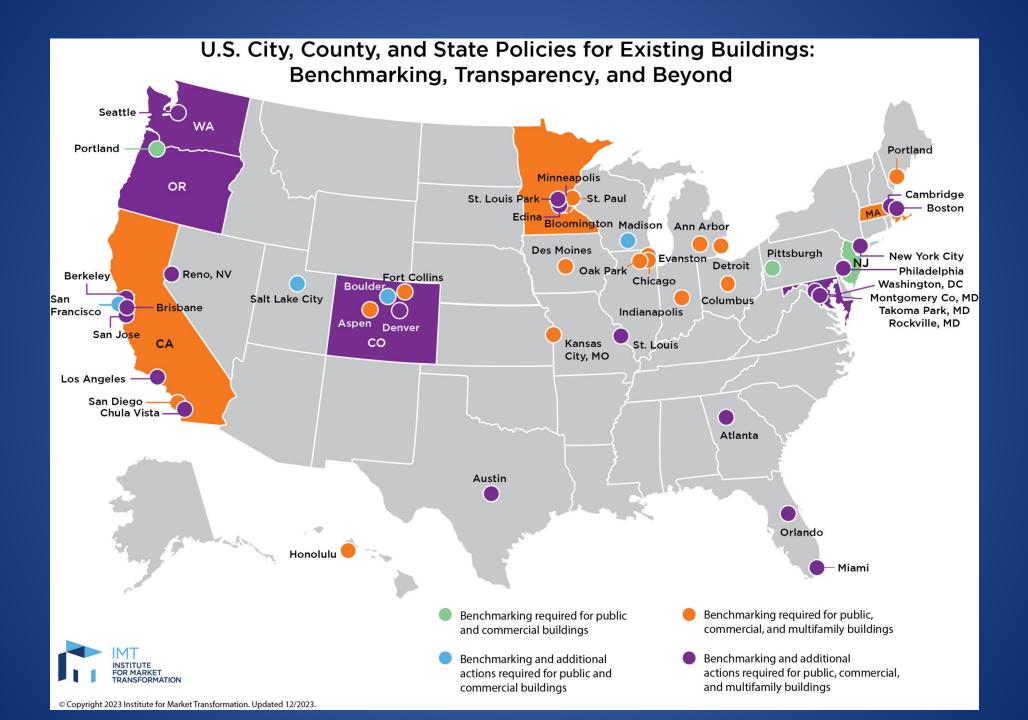
February 1, 2024 1:00 – 2:00 pm Eastern

Speakers:

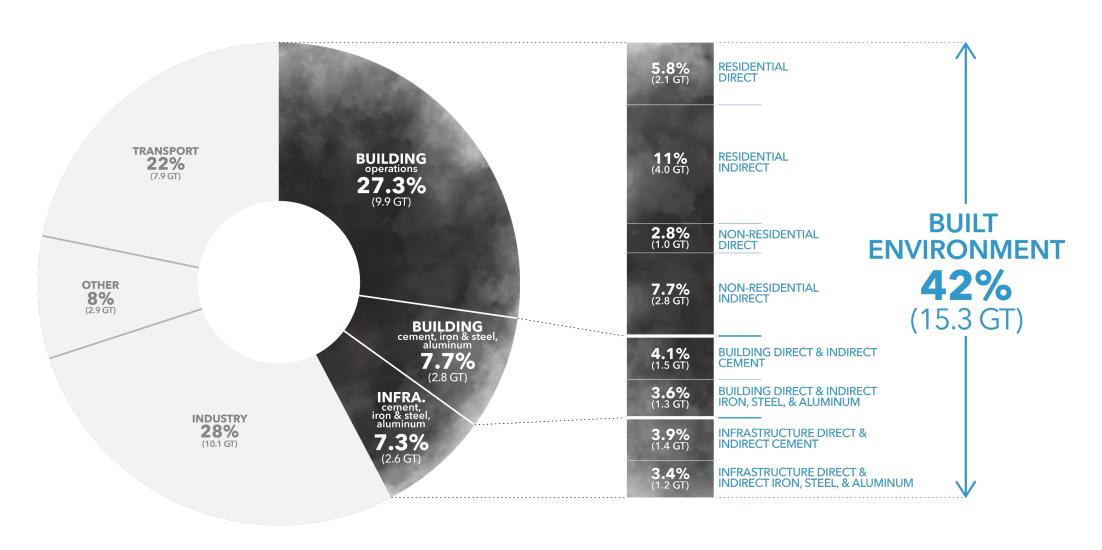
LeeAnne Harvey, Steven Winter Associates, Inc., New York, NY William D. McCracken, Moritt Hock & Hamroff LLP, New York, NY

Moderator:

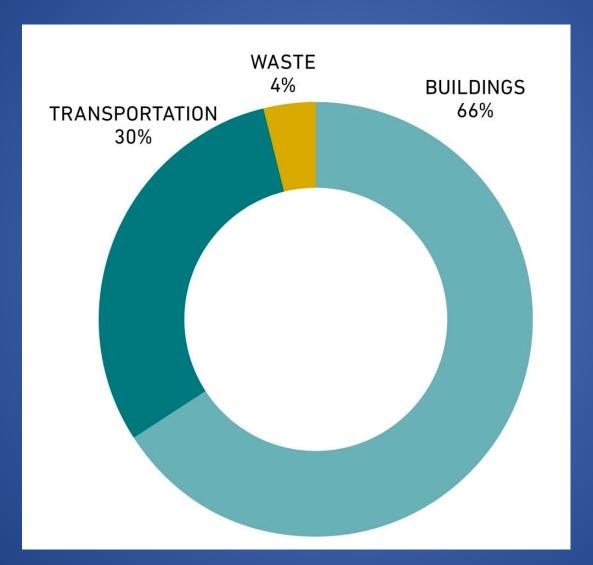
David Camp, Senn Visciano Canges P.C., Denver, CO



TOTAL ANNUAL GLOBAL CO₂ EMISSIONS Direct & Indirect Energy & Process Emissions (36.3 GT)



GHG Emissions in NYC



Source: OneNYC 2050; Building Energy Exchange

<u>LL97 covered buildings</u>† with rent regulated and/or affordable units must follow one of the pathways below:

Article 321: The Prescriptive Pathway

If building includes any of the following:

- > 35% of units subject to rent regulation (regardless of any income restrictions), OR
- Is an HDFC co-op (not a rental), OR
- Has 1+ units that participate in a federal project-based housing program (e.g., Section 8, Section 202, Section 811, or CoC), OR
- Participates in NYCHA PACT

Article 320: The 2026 Pathway

If building:

 Has 1+ rent regulated units and no more than 35% of units subject to rent regulation (regardless of any income restrictions)

Article 320: The 2035 Pathway

If building:

- Is a Mitchell-Lama with <u>no units</u> that participate in a federal project-based housing program, OR
- Has <u>no</u> rent regulated units and has 1+ units that are income restricted through certain* loans, grants, real property tax benefits (e.g., 420-c, Article XI, UDAAP), or property disposition programs

Units with an income restriction imposed solely through the Zoning Resolution (e.g., Inclusionary Housing programs) do not count as "income restricted" for the purposes of this path.



The building must:

- Demonstrate that emissions are below the applicable 2030 limits, OR
- Show that applicable <u>Prescriptive Energy</u> <u>Conservation Measures</u> have been fully implemented

And file a one-time report by May 2025*

*Note that <u>new rules</u> may give some buildings additional time to comply if they can demonstrate progress



The building must:

 Meet emission limits starting in 2026, or face penalties of \$268 per ton of carbon for exceeding the limits

And file annual reports starting May 2027*



The building must:

 Meet emission limits starting in 2035, or face penalties of \$268 per ton of carbon for exceeding the limits

And file annual reports starting May 2036*

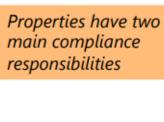
†LL97 generally covers, with some exceptions: buildings that exceeds 25,000 gross square feet; two or more buildings on the same tax lot that together exceed 50,000 square feet; two or more condominium buildings governed by the same board of managers and that together exceed 50,000 square feet.

^{*}Further information is available here: §28-321

^{*}Further information is available here: §28-320.3.10.1

^{*}Further information is available here: §28-320.3.9

LL97 Article 320 Penalty Framework



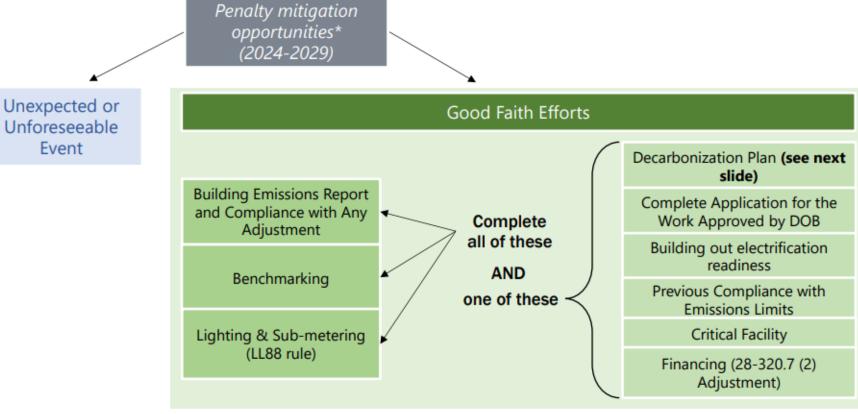
Event

Submit building emissions report

 $Penalty = (Floor\ Area\ x\ \$0.50)/month$

Meet emissions limits

 $Penalty = ((Emissions - Limit) \times \$268)/yr$

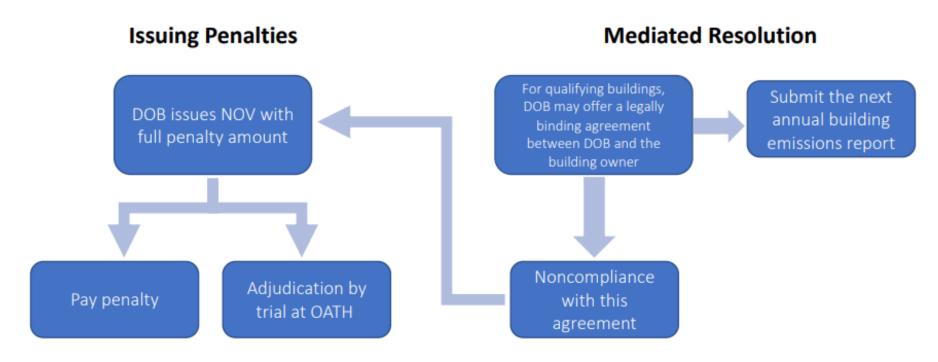


*Adjustments available for hospitals, nonprofits, landmarks and buildings with special circumstances or financial hardship.

Source: NYC DOB

ENFORCEMENT FRAMEWORK

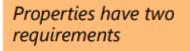
If a building is over their emissions limit:



- Penalties will be adjudicated at OATH with a DOB enforcement attorney
- If a building owner does not comply with the terms of the mediated resolution, DOB can issue back penalties

Source: NYC DOB

LL97 ARTICLE 321 PENALTY FRAMEWORK

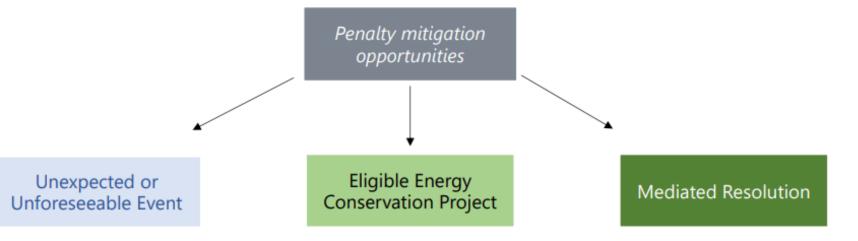


Submit required report

Demonstrate compliance

Penalty = \$10,000

Penalty = \$10,000



Source: NYC DOB